

combinatorics 001 handout

k -sequence of n -set

a.k.a. *ordered k -list with repetition*

- def'n: ordered arrangement (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k) of elements of n -set
- e.g. all 3-sequences of $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$? (how many? 125)

$(a, a, a) (a, a, b) (a, a, c) (a, a, d) (a, a, e) (a, b, a) \dots (e, e, e)$

- number of k -sequences of n -set is ... n^k
 - n choices for each a_j
 - product rule
 - $n \times n \times \dots \times n = n^k$

k -permutation of n -set

a.k.a. *ordered k -list*

- def'n: k -sequence with no repetition
- e.g. all 3-permutations of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$? (how many? 60)

$(1,2,3) (1,2,4) (1,2,5) (1,3,2) (1,3,4) (1,3,5) (1,4,2) \dots (5,4,3)$

- number of k -permutations of n -set is ... $P(n, k) = n!/(n - k)!$
 - $n - j$ choices for each a_j
 - product rule
 - $n \times (n - 1) \times \dots \times (n - (k - 1)) = (n!)/(n - k)!$

k -multiset of n -set

a.k.a. k -combination with repetition

- def'n: unordered collection $\{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k\}$ of elements of n -set
- e.g. all 3-multisets of $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$? (how many? 35)

$\{a, a, a\} \{a, a, b\} \{a, a, c\} \{a, a, d\} \{a, a, e\} \{a, b, b\} \dots \{e, e, e\}$

- number of k -multisets of n -set is ... $C(k + n - 1, k)$
 - represent k -multiset with k marks and $n - 1$ dividers
 - from $k + n - 1$ positions, choose positions of k marks

k -subset of n -set

a.k.a. k -combination

- def'n: k -multiset with no repetition
- e.g. all 3-subsets of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$? (how many? 10)

$\{1, 2, 3\} \{1, 2, 4\} \{1, 2, 5\} \{1, 3, 4\} \{1, 3, 5\} \{1, 4, 5\} \dots \{3, 4, 5\}$

- number of k -subsets of n -set is ... $C(n, k) = \binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$
 - taking all k -permutations of all k -subsets yields each k -permutation exactly once, so
 - $C(n, k) = P(n, k)/(k!) = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$